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**General topic:** The treatment Gap In Health Care.

**Hypothesis being tested:** To what extent to people not go for psychiatric check-up though there are treatment for their mental disorders.

**Explanatory and response variables & how are they measured:** The explanatory variables were the various psychological disorders they were finding the treatment gap for which are: major depression, dysthymia, bipolar disorder, generalized anxiety disorder (GAD), panic disorder, obsessive–compulsive disorder (OCD), and alcohol abuse or dependence. This response variable are the whether they are treated or not.

**Summary of results and key findings:** The survey used all WHO regions in the world, estimating the number of people from 15 years and beyond From the research it was discovered that “ The median treatment gap for schizophrenia, including other non-affective psychosis, was 32.2%. For other disorders the gap was: depression, 56.3%; dysthymia, 56.0%; bipolar disorder, 50.2%; panic disorder, 55.9%; GAD, 57.5%; and OCD, 57.3%”. Also, the greatest treatment gap was found for alcohol dependence which was 78.1%. This means that most people who have alcoholic problems do not seek treatment for it or do not see the need to and that affects their health badly. “The treatment gap for major depression in the WHO European Region was 45.4%, and for the Americas it was 56.9%”.

**Significance to my research question:** This research confirms there are a lot of alcohol dependents in the world and specifically US. This will help me express how serious the issue of depression is and there isa need to focus on this matter.